Algebra 1 Honors 2025 Summer Packet

Please bring in a hard copy of this packet on the first day of school.

Calculators: Although students enrolled in any algebra course should have a graphing calculator (a <u>TI -84 or 84+</u>), these problems should be solved without using a calculator, except where noted.

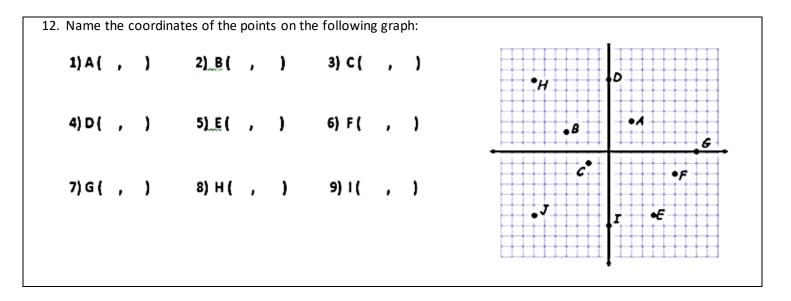
Directions: Show your work for all problems on these pages!

PART 1: This packet is to help you review topics that are prerequisite knowledge upon entering Honors Algebra 1. To ensure that the good skills you developed this year in your course prior do not disappear this summer, working on this packet is a requirement to be completed over the summer. It is **NOT** recommended to complete immediately following school dismissal in June or the night before the packet is due. Student learning is most effective if the packet is completed over the months of July and August. Algebra 1 Honor students will be tested on the materials covered in this packet within the first few weeks of school once the teacher has discussed the packet in the classroom.

1. Evaluate without a calculator (PEMDAS):	2. Combine like terms:
a) $(8+5) \cdot \frac{35}{5} - 6$	a) $-5n + 3(6 + 7n)$
b) $(3^3 - 9 \cdot 2) + (2 - \frac{10}{2}) \cdot 2$	b) $2x + 2y + x^2 - 4x + 8y + x^2$
c) $3 + 2(9 + 10) - 8 + 4 \cdot 3$	c) $-10((1-9x)+6(x-10)$
3. Distribute the following:	4. Solve the following two step equations:
Example: $3(b+4)$ 3b+12	Example: (6) $-1 = \frac{5+y}{6}$ (6) -6 = 5 + y -5 = -5 -11 = y
a) $-4(-8n+8)$	a) $\frac{m}{9} - 1 = -2$
b) $5x(2x-3) - 4(x+4)$	b) $7y + 4 = 32$
c) $\frac{3}{4}(p-4) - \frac{1}{4}p$	c) $-6 + 8x = 42$

5.	valuate the following expressions when $a = 5, b = 2, and c = -4$:
	Example: $2ac = 2(5)(-4) = -40$
ā	$ab - c$ b) $\frac{4ab}{c}$ c) $\frac{a^2 - 1}{a + 3}$
6.	rite an algebraic expression for each of the following:
	Example: Twenty – five divided by a number $q \rightarrow$ written as $\frac{25}{q}$
a	The difference of a number p and five
k	Four less than the quantity six times a number n
c	The quotient of a number k and two
С	Eight more than the number x
e	The product of seven and a number y
	rite an algebraic equation or inequality for each of the following:Example: The sum of forty – two and a number n is eqial to fifty – one $42 + n = 51$ The product of four and a number x is at most fifty – one $4x \le 51$ The difference of a number z and eleven is equal to thirty – five
	The sum of twelve and the quantity eight times a number k is equal to forty – eight
	The product of nine and the quantity of five more than a number t is less than six
	The quotient of z and three is no less than twelve
8. 1	Il whether the pairing is a function, then identify the domain (x) and range (y) of each:
	Hint: Domain, x values, inputs, independent variable Range, y values, outputs, dependent values
a)	$\{(-1, -2), (3, -3), (8, 9), (-6, -3), (-5, -1)\}$ b) Input Output
	Domain: Range:
	Function: yes or no Domain: Range: Function: yes or no

9. Make a table and identify the range of the fu	nction for the	followi	ng:				
a) $y = x - 5$		1	1		1	1	1
Domain: 10, 12, 15, 20, 21	Input	10	12	15			
Range:	Output						
b) $y = 3x + 1$]
Domain: 0, 2, 3, 5, 10	Input						
Range:	Output						
10. Write a function rule that models a real-work dependent variable.	d situation and	d then i	dentify	the inde	epender	nt varial	ole and the
Example: A gym charges a sign-up fee of \$	100 and then	\$30 per	month.				
Function rule: $y = 30x + 100$ Indep	endent varial ndent variable					<u>nths.</u>	
a) A car rental charge is \$50 per day plus \$							
 b) A plumber charges \$25 for a service call c) A water tank already contains 55 gallons rate of 8 gallons per minute 				s to fill i	t. Wate	er flows	into the tank at a
11. Plot each coordinate on the given graph:		ĉ.			TT:		
A. (1,2)							
B. (4,-3)					s		
C. (-1, -5)				_			
D. (-2,0)		Ē					
E. (0,8)		Ê					
F. (-3,9)							
							10101010101010000000102



PART 2: This part of the packet is basic math skills all students should know how to do. Part two of the packet is due by the end of July and instructions on how to do that will be forthcoming. Also, bring in a hard copy on the first day of school as we will go over it.

 Find the least common multiple of each set of numbers: 	Find the greatest common factor for each set of numbers:
Example: 6 and 8 multiples of 6 are: 6, 12, 1 6, 2 4, 30, 36 multiples of 8 are: 8, 1 6, 2 4, 32, so, the LCM of 6 and 8 is 2 4	example: 32 and 48 factors of 32 are: 1, 2, 4, 8, 10, 32 factors of 48 are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 10, 24, 48 so, the GCF of 32 and 48 is 16
a) 5 <i>and</i> 9	a) 16 and 24
b) 3 and 13	b) 18 and 45
c) 2 and 30	c) 36 and 60
	d) 42 and 56
3. Write each fraction in simplest form:	
Example: $\frac{12}{40} = \frac{3}{10}$ both 12 and 40 were divisible	le by 4
a) $\frac{14}{21}$ = b) $\frac{15}{45}$ = c)	$\frac{81}{18}$ = d) $\frac{22}{2}$ = e) $\frac{24}{108}$ =

Convert the following to a mixed number: 4. Example: $\frac{15}{8} = 1\frac{7}{8}$ 8 goes into 15 1 time with 7 left over a) $\frac{28}{3} =$ b) $\frac{85}{9} =$ c) $\frac{48}{11} =$ d) $\frac{89}{12} =$ 5. (Remember: You must have common denominators when adding and subtracting fractions). Perform the indicated operation for the following and write all answers in simplest form: Example: $\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{15}{20} - \frac{4}{20} = \frac{11}{20}$ A number both 4 and 5 have in common (LCM) is 20 so, 4 goes into 20 5 times and 5 times 3 is $15 \rightarrow \frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{20}$ And 5 goes into 20 4 times and 4 times 1 is $4 \rightarrow \frac{1}{5} = \frac{4}{20}$ a) $\frac{2}{9} + \frac{4}{5} =$ b) $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{6} =$ c) $\frac{7}{12} + \frac{3}{24} =$ f) $\frac{8}{12} + \frac{5}{15} =$ d) $\frac{4}{3} - \frac{5}{2} =$ e) $\frac{9}{10} - \frac{6}{15} =$ Perform the indicated operation for the following and write all answers in simplest form: 6. Example: $\frac{8}{9} \cdot \frac{4}{5} = \frac{32}{45}$ Example: $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{3}{1} = \frac{3}{8}$ *when dividing fractions, you multiply the first fraction by the reciprocal of the second fraction (Keep Change Flip) a) $\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{5}{6} =$ b) $\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{2}{3} =$ c) $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{4} =$ d) $\frac{8}{9} \cdot 3 =$ f) $\frac{7}{10} \div \frac{1}{5} =$ e) $\frac{3}{5} \div 6 =$

7. Round the following numbers to the indicated place:

To round off decimals:

- 1. Find the place value you want (the "rounding digit") and look at the digit just to the right of it.
- 2. If that digit is less than 5, do not change the rounding digit but drop all digits to the right of it.
- 3. If that digit is greater than or equal to five, add one to the rounding digit and drop all digits to the right of it.

a)	Round to the nearest hundredths	20.737 =	
b)	Round to the nearest thousandths	49.0545 =	
c)	Round to the nearest whole numbe	r 299.98 =	
d)	Round to the nearest tenths	8.43 =	
e)	Round to the nearest whole numbe	er 0.59 =	
f)	Round to the nearest hundredths	0.995 =	
g)	Round to the nearest thousandths	0.4703 =	
8. Wri [.]	te the following percents as decimals	s <u>(to change a percent to a decimal we a</u>	<i>livide by 100)</i> .
8. Wri a. 9		s <u>(to change a percent to a decimal we a</u> b. 0.3%	<i>livide by 100)</i> . c. 445%
a. Ç	90%		c. 445%
a. 9. Wr	90%	b. 0.3%	c. 445%
a. 9 9. Wr a. (10. Wri	90% ite each decimal to a percent <u>(to cor</u>).452	 b. 0.3% <u>nvert a decimal to a percentage, multiply</u> b. 4.78 st terms (to change a percent to a fraction of the second se	 c. 445% <u>y by 100)</u>. c. 0.1
a. 9 9. Wr a. (10. Wri	90% rite each decimal to a percent <u>(to cor</u> 0.452 te each percent as a fraction in lowe er removing the % sign) and simplify	 b. 0.3% <u>nvert a decimal to a percentage, multiply</u> b. 4.78 st terms (to change a percent to a fraction of the second se	 c. 445% <u>y by 100)</u>. c. 0.1
a. 9 9. Wr a. (10. Wri (aft	90% rite each decimal to a percent <u>(to cor</u> 0.452 te each percent as a fraction in lowe er removing the % sign) and simplify	 b. 0.3% b. 0.3% b. 4.78 b. 4.78 st terms (to change a percent to a fraction if necessary). 	 c. 445% <u><i>by</i> 100)</u>. c. 0.1 on, put the percentage over 100
a. 9 9. Wr a. (10. Wri (aft a. 7	90% Fite each decimal to a percent <u>(to cor</u>).452 te each percent as a fraction in lowe er removing the % sign) and simplify 70%	 b. 0.3% b. 0.3% b. 4.78 b. 4.78 st terms (to change a percent to a fraction if necessary). 	 c. 445% <u><i>r</i> by 100)</u>. c. 0.1 on, put the percentage over 100 c. 5%

1 ² =	$9^2 =$	
$2^2 =$	10 ² =	
3 ² =	11 ² =	
4 ² =	12 ² =	
5 ² =	13 ² =	
6 ² =	14 ² =	
7 ² =	15 ² =	
8 ² =		
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Plan B a. Write an expr	: \$70.00 fee plus \$0.35 per min	ute Plan A.

Looking forward to a great year!

